



DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING  
SESSION: 2022-2023 (ODD SEMESTER)  
FIRST ASSIGNMENT

Degree : B.E  
Branch : Civil Engineering  
Course Title : Strength of Materials  
Date : 24/11/2022

Semester : III  
Course Code : 21CV33  
Max Marks : 10  
Last Date for submission : 5/12/2022

Q No.	Question	Marks	K-Level	CO mapping
1	Define four elastic constants.	1	K1 Remembering	CO1
2	Derive an expression for the deformation of a rectangular tapering bar of uniform thickness subjected to axial force.	1	K3 Applying	CO1
3	Derive an expression for the deformation of a circular tapering bar subjected to axial force.	1	K3 Applying	CO1
4	Determine the stresses in various segments of circular bar shown in the figure. Also compute total elongation taking Young's modulus $E=195$ GPa.	1	K3 Applying	CO1
5	A compound bar consists of a 40mm dia. steel bar surrounded by a closely fitting cast iron tube of 4.5mm wall thickness. Length of the compound bar is 1.9m. Determine the load required to compress the compound bar so that the deformation induced in it is 1mm. Take $E_s=200$ GPa and $E_{CI}=100$ GPa.	1	K3 Applying	CO1
6	Derive the relationship between the 3 elastic constants $E, G$ and $K$ .	1	K3 Applying	CO1
7	An elemental cube is subjected to tensile stresses of $30\text{N/mm}^2$ and $10\text{N/mm}^2$ acting on two mutually perpendicular planes and a shear stress of $10\text{N/mm}^2$ on these planes. Draw the Mohr's circle of stresses and determine the magnitude and directions of principal stresses and also the greatest shear stress.	1	K3 Applying	CO1
8	Define (i) shear force (ii) bending moment (iii) point of contraflexure (iv) shear force diagram (v) bending moment diagram.	1	K1 Remembering	CO2
9	Derive the relationship between shear force, bending moment and load intensity.	1	K3 Applying	CO2
10	For the cantilever beams shown below, draw shear force and bending moment diagram. 	1	K3 Applying	CO2

Amritha D  
Course Incharge

W. Kelle  
Professor & Head  
HOD  
Dept. of Civil Engineering  
K.S. Group of Institutions  
K.S. School of Engineering & Management  
Bangalore-560062.

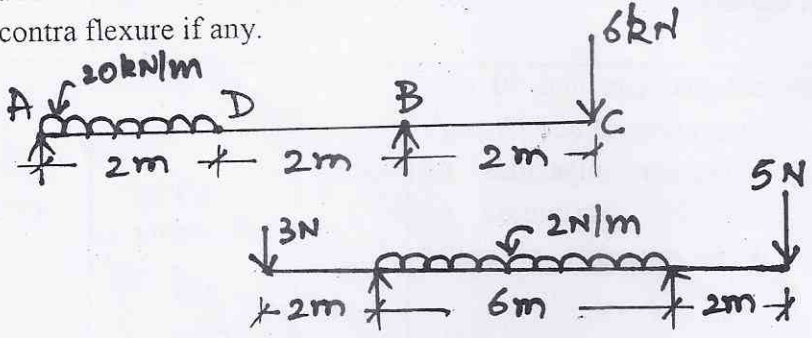
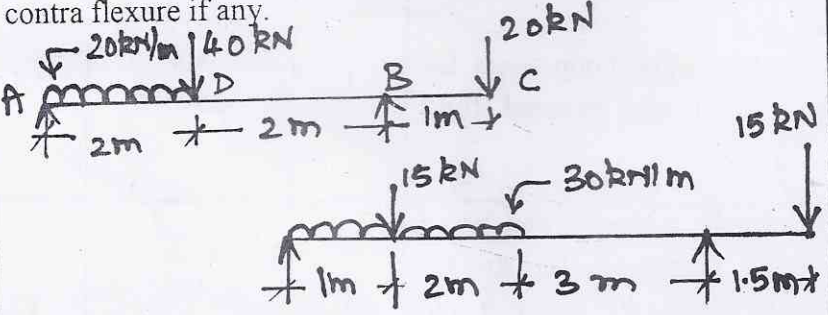
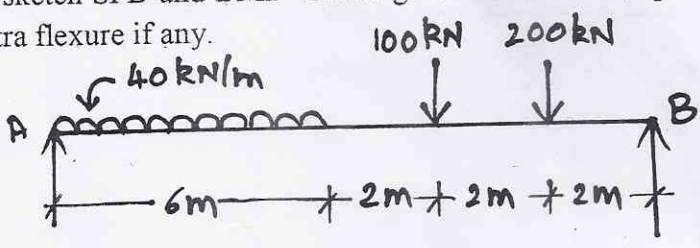
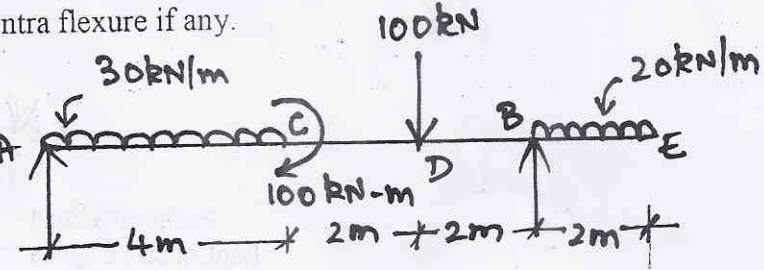




**K.S. SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT, BANGALORE - 560109**  
**DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**  
**SESSION: 2022-2023 (ODD SEMESTER)**  
**SECOND ASSIGNMENT**

Degree : B.E  
 Branch : Civil Engineering  
 Course Title : Strength of Materials  
 Date : 02/01/2023

Semester : III  
 Course Code : 21CV33  
 Max Marks : 10  
 Last Date for submission : 10/01/2023

Q No.	Question	Marks	K-Level	CO mapping
1	<p>Calculate shear force and bending moment at salient points and sketch SFD and BMD for the given beams. Locate point of contra flexure if any.</p> 	1	K3 Applying	CO2
2	<p>Draw the SFD and BMD for the given beams. Locate point of contra flexure if any.</p> 	1	K3 Applying	CO2
3	<p>Calculate shear force and bending moment at salient points and sketch SFD and BMD for the given beam. Locate point of contra flexure if any.</p> 	1	K3 Applying	CO2
4	<p>Draw the SFD and BMD for the given beam. Locate point of contra flexure if any.</p> 	1	K3 Applying	CO2

5	Derive the torsion equation for a circular shaft $T/J = \tau/R = G\theta/L$ with usual notations. Also list the assumptions made in the theory of pure torsion.	1	K3 Applying	CO3
6	A solid shaft transmits 250kW at 100 rpm. If the shear stress is not to exceed 75 MPa, what should be the diameter of the shaft? If this shaft is to be replaced by a hollow one whose diameter ratio is 0.6, determine the size and percentage saving in weight. The maximum shear stress being the same.	1	K3 Applying	CO3
7	Compute the ratio of the weight of solid shaft to that of the hollow shaft of the same material, having the same length to transmit power at a given speed. Take inside diameter of hollow shaft as 0.5 times the outer diameter.	1	K3 Applying	CO3
8	A cast iron pipe has 200mm internal diameter and 50 mm metal thickness and carries water under a pressure of 5 N/mm <sup>2</sup> . Calculate the maximum and minimum intensities of circumferential stresses and sketch the distribution of circumferential stress intensity and the intensity of radial pressure across the section.	1	K3 Applying	CO3
9	a) For thin cylinders, derive the equations for circumferential stress and longitudinal stress. b) Derive Lamé's equation for the radial and hoop stress for thick cylinder subjected to internal and external fluid pressure.	1	K3 Applying	CO3
10	A thin cylinder is 3m in length, 1m in diameter, and has a metal thickness of 12mm in its walls. Determine the stresses (hoop and longitudinal) and strain along the length when subjected to an internal pressure of 1.5 MPa. Take $E=210$ GPa and $\mu=0.25$ .	1	K3 Applying	CO3

Course Incharge

W. Kelle

W. Kelle

HOD

Professor & Head  
Dept. of Civil Engineering  
K.S. Group of Institutions  
K.S. School of Engineering & Management  
Bangalore-560 062.





K.S. SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT, BANGALORE - 560109

**KSSEM**  
K.S. Group of Institutions

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING  
SESSION: 2022-2023 (ODD SEMESTER)  
THIRD ASSIGNMENT

Degree : B.E  
Branch : Civil Engineering  
Course Title : Strength of Materials  
Date : 17/03/2023

Semester : III  
Course Code : 21CV33  
Max Marks : 10  
Last Date for submission : 30/03/2023

Q No.	Question	Marks	K-Level	CO mapping
1	Derive the equation for deformation in a tapering circular bar subjected to an axial force 'P'.	1	K3 Applying	CO4
2	Derive an expression for the deformation of a rectangular tapering bar of uniform thickness subjected to an axial force.	1	K3 Applying	CO4
3	With usual notations, derive the relationship between Young's modulus and Bulk modulus.	1	K3 Applying	CO4
4	Derive the relationship between Young's modulus and Shear modulus with usual notations.	1	K3 Applying	CO4
5	Explain (i) Stress (ii) Strain (iii) Modulus of Elasticity (iv) Modulus of Rigidity (v) Bulk Modulus (vi) Volumetric strain (vii) Temperature stresses (viii) Poisson's ratio.	1	K2 Understanding	CO4
6	Explain Saint Venant's Principle.	1	K2 Understanding	CO4
7	Differentiate between thick and thin cylinders.	1	K2 Understanding	CO5
8	Derive an expression for volumetric strain in thin cylinder subjected to internal pressure.	1	K3 Applying	CO5
9	For thin cylinders, derive the equations for circumferential stress and longitudinal stress.	1	K3 Applying	CO5
10	Derive Lamé's equation for the radial and hoop stress for thick cylinder subjected to internal and external fluid pressure.	1	K3 Applying	CO5

*Anurag D*  
Course Incharge

*W. Kelle*  
HOD  
Professor & Head  
Dept. of Civil Engineering  
K.S. Group of Institutions  
K.S. School of Engineering & Management  
Bangalore-560 062.